

SCIENCE DEPARTMENT

BIOLOGY (SP): COURSE #460

Contact Information

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The Department's Educational Philosophy

We believe that students should be exposed to the process of scientific inquiry so they can acquire and interpret scientific knowledge, and begin to realize the wider applicability of scientific problem-solving methods. By making the laboratory the focal point of learning, we seek to foster students' appreciation for the experience of doing science.

Guiding Principles

- Students must be able to collect and analyze data and formulate hypotheses.
- Inductive and deductive problem-solving skills are central to science education.
- An effective program in science addresses the limitations of data and conclusions.
- Students should be able to use or design a strategy for testing scientific concepts.
- A comprehensive science program will emphasize the delicate checks and balances in man's abiotic and biotic environments and the stresses upon these ecosystems, which could affect the destiny of the world.
- Science is integrally related to mathematics.
- An effective science program builds students' ability to communicate accurately and precisely.
- An effective science program stresses both cooperative and independent learning.

BIOLOGY (SP): COURSE #460

Course Frequency: Full-year course, six times in a six-day cycle

Credits Offered: 5 credits

Prerequisites: By recommendation of the department

Background to the Curriculum

Biology SP, or standard preparation, was a course that had been offered several years ago but then removed from curriculum due to lack of need of a fourth level in the regular biology tracking system. It was re-implemented in the 2001-2002 school year because of the growing school population and the number of students that qualified for special education programs. Biology SP is supported with a special educator and student mentors. This course uses a book that focuses on the main components of the biology curriculum as guided by the Massachusetts State Curriculum Frameworks, but does so at a pace that is matched to the student population enrolled in the course.

Core Topics/Questions/Concepts/Skills

Core Topics	Questions	Concepts
I. Ecosystems	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• How do organisms in New England ecosystems and other ecosystems interact?• How do matter and energy move through ecosystems?	Niches, habitats, biomes, biosphere, Ecological succession, competition, predator-prey, symbiosis, food web, energy pyramid
II. Matter and Energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• How does life utilize energy?• How does life utilize matter?	general chemistry, conservation of matter and energy, photosynthesis and cellular respiration, enzymes, ATP, macromolecules
III. Cells	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• What are the basic structures of cells and their functions?• How have complex cells evolved from simpler cells?	characteristics of life, cell structure and function, prokaryotes/eukaryotes, surface area/volume, proteins (channel, receptor, marker), diffusion, osmosis, active/passive transport, mitosis, cancer, endosymbiotic theory

IV. Heredity and Genetics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How is hereditary information housed in your cells? • How is the hereditary information passed on from parent to offspring? • How does variation in a species increase? • What is the structure of DNA and where is it located? • How are proteins made? 	Mendel's experiments, inheritance, genotype vs. phenotype, probability, laws of segregation and independent assortment, pedigree, asexual and sexual reproduction, chromosomal theory of inheritance, meiosis, mutations, DNA and RNA structures
V. Natural Selection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do species evolve over time? • How does variation in a species relate to evolution? • Can an organism adapt? 	Darwin vs. Lamarck, variation, reproduction, Environmental influence, adaptation, homologous/analogous structures, adaptive radiation
VI. Earth History	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How did life evolve from inorganic matter? • What is the timeline of the history of life on Earth? 	Miller – Urey experiment, endosymbiotic theory, protenoid microsphere, cyanobacteria, properties of RNA, mass extinction
VII. Classification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do scientists categorize the diversity of life? • How are organisms classified based on evolutionary relationships? 	biodiversity, taxonomy phylogeny, convergent and divergent evolution, patterns of evolution
VIII. Bacteria and Viruses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the structural diversity of bacteria? • What roles do bacteria play in ecosystems? • How are bacteria classified? • What are the general characteristics of viruses? 	bacteria (distribution, structure, diversity, nutrition, pathogens, antibiotic resistance), viruses (structure, reproduction, pathogens, HIV), vaccines
IX. Protists	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the structural diversity of protists? • What roles do protists play in ecosystems? • How are protists classified? 	protists (characteristics, diversity, pathogens), reproduction, examples
X. Fungi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the structural diversity of fungi? • What roles do fungi play in ecosystems? • How are fungi classified? 	fungi (characteristics, diversity, reproduction, examples, symbiosis, lichens, mycorrhizae)

XI. Plants and Photosynthesis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the structural diversity of plants? • What roles do plants play in ecosystems? • How are plants classified? • What were the survival strategies that plants evolved and what evidence supports this? • How do plants convert abiotic energy to biotic energy? 	Evolution, biodiversity, reproduction, plant structure/function, photosynthesis
XII. Animals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What is the structural diversity of animals? • What roles do animals play in ecosystems? • How are animals classified? • What were the survival strategies that animals evolved and what evidence supports this? • What were the major changes in body plan that evolved? 	evolution, structure, development, body plan, phyla characteristics
XIII. Human Body Systems (Nervous, Skeletal, Muscular, Endocrine, Circulatory, Respiratory, Digestive, Excretory, and Immune Systems)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do structure and function relate in the human body systems? • What is homeostasis and how is it disrupted in each of the human body systems? 	structure versus function, major bones, bone formation, types of muscle, movement, cellular respiration, microscopic anatomy, nerve impulse, neuron structure, synapse, hormones, glands, cardiovascular, pulmonary and systemic circuits, immune response, disease

Course-End Learning Objectives

<p><u>Learning objectives</u></p> <p><u>Ecosystems</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Explain how organisms in New England ecosystems and other ecosystems interact. 2] Describe how matter and energy move through ecosystems. 	<p><u>Corresponding state standards, where applicable</u></p> <p>Biology 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 Biology 6.1, 6.4, 2.7</p>
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<p><u>Matter and Energy</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe how living organisms utilize energy. 2] Explain the composition and functions of the different molecules within living organism. 	<p>Biology 1.1, 2.6, 2.8, 2.9 Biology 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.5</p>
<p><u>Cells</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe the basic structures of cells and their functions. 2] Explain how complex cells have evolved from simpler cells. 	<p>Biology 2.1, 2.4, 2.5, 2.10 Biology 2.2, 2.3,</p>
<p><u>Heredity and Genetics</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Identify how and where hereditary information is housed in cells. 2] Explain how hereditary information is passed from parent to offspring. 3] Identify how variation in a species increases over time. 4] Describe the structure of DNA and where it is located. 5] Describe how proteins are made. 	<p>Biology 3.1, 3.2 Biology 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8 Biology 3.4, 3.6, 5.2 Biology 3.1,3.2 Biology 3.1, 3.2, 3.3</p>
<p><u>Natural Selection</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Explain how species evolve over time. 2] Describe the role that variation plays in the evolution of a species. 3] Explain what is meant by the term “adaptation” as it relates to natural selection. 	<p>Biology 5.1 Biology 5.2 Biology 5.1</p>
<p><u>Earth History</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe how life evolved from inorganic matter. 2] Explain the timeline of the history of life on Earth. 	<p>Biology 5.1 Biology 5.1, Earth and Space Science 3.11</p>
<p><u>Classification</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Explain how scientists categorize the diversity of life. 2] Describe the impact that the evolutionary relationships of organisms play in classification. 	<p>Biology 5.3 Biology 5.1, 5.3</p>
<p><u>Bacteria and Viruses</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe the structural diversity of bacteria. 2] Explain the diverse roles bacteria play in ecosystems. 3] Explain how bacteria are classified. 4] Describe the general characteristics of viruses. 	<p>Biology 2.1, 2.2 Biology 6.1, 6.2, 6.5 Biology 5.3 Biology 3.9</p>

<p><u>Protists</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe the structural diversity of protists. 2] Explain the diverse roles protists play in ecosystems. 3] Explain how protists are classified. 	<p>Biology 2.1, 2.2 Biology 6.2, 6.5 Biology 5.3</p>
<p><u>Fungi</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe the structural diversity of fungi. 2] Explain the diverse roles fungi play in ecosystems. 3] Explain how fungi are classified. 	<p>Biology 2.1, 2.2 Biology 6.2, 6.5 Biology 5.3</p>
<p><u>Plants and Photosynthesis</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe the structural diversity of plants. 2] Explain the role plants play in ecosystems. 3] Explain how plants are classified 4] Describe the survival strategies that plants evolved and the evidence that supports this. 5] Discuss how plants convert abiotic energy to biotic energy. 	<p>Biology 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 Biology 6.2, 6.5 Biology 5.3 Biology 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 Biology 2.6, 2.7</p>
<p><u>Animals</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Describe the structural diversity of animals. 2] Explain the diverse roles animals play in ecosystems. 3] Explain how animals are classified. 4] Describe the survival strategies that animals evolved and the evidence that supports this. 5] Discuss the major changes in body plan that evolved in the animal kingdom. 	<p>Biology 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 Biology 6.2, 6.5 Biology 5.3 Biology 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 Biology 5.2</p>
<p><u>Human Body Systems</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1] Explain the structures and functions of the organ systems in the human body. 2] Describe how homeostasis is maintained and how it can be disrupted in each of the human body systems 	<p>Biology 4.1 Biology 4.2</p>

Assessment

- Tests: based on curriculum covered; focus is on terms, concepts, and application.
- Quizzes: vocabulary in matching format; identify and label.
- Laboratory activities and reports: formal labs typed with hypotheses, procedure, materials, data, discussion and conclusion; informal labs address specific questions.
- Projects: mostly in cooperative groups; involving class presentations.
- Homework: chapter review questions, vocabulary work, and work sheets.

Technology and Health Learning Objectives Addressed in This Course

(This section is for faculty and administrative reference; students and parents may disregard.)

<u>Course activity: skills &/or topics taught</u>	<u>Standard(s) addressed through this activity</u>
<p>1] Word processing, power point presentations, Internet-based activities, Internet research, computer probes, databases, spread sheets, computer simulations, microscope skills</p> <p>2] The following topics related to health are covered in the core biology curriculum: the role of macromolecules in nutrition, common genetic disorders, pathogenic/parasitic viruses, bacteria, protists, fungi, vaccines, antibiotics, and diseases (e.g., AIDS, Influenza, diabetes) that disrupt homeostasis to the systems of the human body.</p>	

Materials and Resources

Student text

- DeSalle & Heithaus, Biology. Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 2008.

Numerous audio-visual, websites, and lab materials supplement the material taught in this course.